AWATAR & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Head Office:

1203, Rohit House 3, Tolstoy Marg New Delhi - 110 001 Ph.: 23315870

23320537 Fax: 23358544

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF PUNJAB MERCANTILE & TRADERS LIMITED

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **PUNJAB MERCANTILE & TRADERS LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018, and the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting the frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial control, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.



Contd	2

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements, give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India;

- a) in the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2018;
- b) in the case of the Statement of Profit and Loss, of the Loss for the year ended on that date; and
- c) in the case of the Cash Flow Statement, of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure-A a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that :
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2018, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2018, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the Internal Financial Controls over the financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such control, refer to our separate report in Annexure-B.



Contd. 3.

- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For A W A T A R & C O.

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 000726N

> Sanjay Agrawal Partner

Membership No.: 087786

Place: New Delhi Date 21st May, 2018

ANNEXURE-A TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date on the accounts of Punjab Mercantile & Traders Limited for the year ended 31st March, 2018)

- i) The company does not have any fixed assets.
- ii) In respect of inventories, the clause is not applicable since the company does not have any inventory.
- iii) In respect of loans, secured or unsecured, granted or taken by the Company, to or from Companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, according to the information and explanations given to us the company has not granted any such loan.
- iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security.
- v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed there under, wherever applicable.
- vi) Maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- vii) a) According to the information and explanations given to us and according to the records produced before us for verification, the Company is generally regular in depositing, with appropriate authorities, the undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Wealth Tax, Service Tax, GST, Customs Duty, Exclse Duty, VAT and Cess and any other statutory dues applicable to it. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed arrears of statutory dues were outstanding as on the last day of the financial year for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of disputes.
- viii) The company does not have any dues to financial institution or bank or debenture holders.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any term loan during the financial year and has not done any initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instrument) and hence Clause-3(ix) is not applicable.
- x) According to the information and explanation given to us, no fraud on or by the company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- xi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not paid any managerial remuneration under section 197 read with the Schedule V to the Companies Act 2013 and hence Clause 3 (xi) is not applicable to the Company.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence Clause 3 (xii) is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii) As explained to us and as per the records of the company, in our opinion there are no transactions with the related parties during the year.
- xiv) According to the records of the company, it has not made preferential allotment of shares during the year under report hence clause 3(xiv) is not applicable to the Company.



- During the year, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with Director or person connected with him and Clause 3 (xv) is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-1A of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and hence Clause 3(xvi) is not applicable to the Company.

NEW DELHI

For **A W A T A R & C O.**Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 000726N

Sanjay Agrawal

Partner Membership No.: 087786

Place: New Delhi Date: 21st May, 2018

ANNEXURE-B

ANNEXURE TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PUNJAN MERCANTILE & TRADERS LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Punjab Mercantile & Traders Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2018 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on "the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India". These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to Obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence I/we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my /our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.



Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial Controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2018, based on "the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India"

For **A W A T A R & C O**. Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 000726N

Sanjay Agrawal

Partner Membership No. : 087786

Place: New Delhi Date: 21st May, 2018

Regd.Office: 1st Floor, Express Building, 9-10, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110002

CIN: U52110DL1972PLC006380
BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2018

Rs. in Lakhs

			113. 111 Editi13
PARTICULARS	Note No.	AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2018	AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2017
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3	5.00	5.00
Reserves and surplus	4	84.66	86.69
Current liabilities			
Trade Payable	5	0.09	0.09
Total		89.75	91.78
ASSETS			
Non- current assets			
Non-current investments	6	88.07	88.94
Long-term loans and advances	7	1.33	1.33
Current assets			
Cash and Bank Balances	8	0.35	1.51
Total		89.75	91.78
Significant accounting policies & notes to financial statements	1 to 11		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Awatar & Co.

Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn. No. 000726N

Sanjay Agrawal

Partner

Membership No. 087786

Place: New Delhi Date: 21st May,2018 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashok Sen

Director

DIN: 00002109

Mohit Jain

Director

Regd.Office: 1st Floor, Express Building, 9-10, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110002

CIN: U52110DL1972PLC006380

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2018

Rs. in Lakhs

Particulars	Note No.	31ST MARCH, 2018	31ST MARCH, 2017
Revenue			
Other income	9	1.28	3.47
Total		1.28	3.47
Expenses			
Employee benefit expenses	10	0.75	0.65
Other expenses	11	2.56	9.44
Total		3.31	10.09
Loss before tax		-2.03	-6.62
Tax expense :			
Current tax		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Loss after tax for the year		-2.03	-6.62
Earnings per equity share			
Equity shares of par value Rs.10/- each			
Basic (in Rs.)		-4.05	-13.25
Diluted (in Rs.)		-4.05	-13.25
Significant accounting policies & notes to financial statements	1 to 11		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Awatar & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 000726N

Sanjay Agrawal

Partner

Membership No. 087786

Place: New Delhi Date: 21st May,2018 Ashok Sen

Director

DIN: 00002109

Mohit Jain

Director

Regd.Office: 1st Floor, Express Building, 9-10, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110002

CIN: U52110DL1972PLC006380

CA5H FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2018

Rs. in Lakhs

	Particulars	31st MARCH, 2018	31st MARCH, 2017
Α	Cash flow from operating activities		
	Loss before tax	-2.03	-6.62
	Adjustment for:		
	(Profit) /loss on sale of non current investments(net)	-1.28	-0.46
	Dividend Income		-2.05
	Operating profit/(-) loss before working capital changes	-3,31	-9.13
	Adjustments for changes in working capital:		
	Cash generated from /(-)used in operations	-3.31	-9.13
	Less: Income Tax paid (net of refunds)	<u>.</u>	-0.15
	Net cash from/ (-)used in operating activitiesA	-3.31	-9.28
В	Cash flow from investing activities		
	Purchase of investments	-8.00	-15.00
	Amount realised from sale of non current investments	10.15	10.00
	Dividend	_	15.38
	Net cash from/(-) used in investing activitiesB	2.15	10.38
С	Cash flow from financing activities		
	Net cash from/(-)used in financing activitiesC	*	_
	Net increase/(-) decrease in cash and cash		
	equivalents (A+B+C)	-1.16	1.10
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year (opening balance)	1.51	0.41
	Total cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (closing balance)	0.35	1.51
	Components of cash and cash equivalents:		
	Balances with scheduled banks in current account	0.35	1.51
	Total	0.35	1.51

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Awatar & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Regn. No. 000726N

Sanjay Agrawal

Partner

Membership No. 087786

Place: New Delhi

Date: 21st May,2018

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashok Sen

Director

DIN: 00002109

Mohit Jair

Director

Punjab Mercantile & Traders Ltd. Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2018

Note - 1.5: Investments

Investments held by the Company with an intention to hold the same on long term basis have been classified as long term investments. The long-term investments are valued at their cost of acquisition. Provision for diminution in the value of long-term investments is made only if such a decline is other than temporary.

Current investments, which are intended to be held for not more than one year, are carried at cost or market/quoted value whichever is less. The current maturities portion of long term investments is shown as Current Investments. The comparison of cost and fair value is done separately in respect of each category of investment.

On disposal of investments, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

When disposing of a part of the holding of an individual investment, carrying amount to be allocated to that part is determined on the basis of the average carrying amount of the total holding of the investment.

Note - 1.6: Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows.

The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the company are segregated based on the available information.

Note - 1.7: Cash and Cash Equivalents (for purposes of Cash Flow Statement)

Cash and Cash equivalents for the purpose of Cash Flow Statement comprise Cash at bank, Cash on hand and demand deposits with bank with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Note - 1.8: Earnings Per Share

Basic Earnings Per Share is calculated by dividing the net profit /loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit /loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average No. of equity shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

Note - 1.9: Taxes on Income

Tax expense comprises of current tax, earlier year tax and deferred tax.

Taxes on Income for the current year (Current Tax) are determined on the basis of taxable income after considering applicable tax allowances and exemptions in accordance with the provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961, as amended from time to time.

Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws which give rise to future economic benefits in the form of adjustments of future income tax liability is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal tax in future.

Deferred Tax is recognized, subject to considerations of prudence, on timing difference, being the difference between taxable income and accounting income that originates in one period and is capable of reversal in one or more subsequent years.

Note - 1.10: Impairment of Assets

All assets are reviewed for impairment; wherever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Assets whose carrying value exceeds their recoverable amount are written down to the recoverable amount. An impairment loss, if any, is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which the assets is identified as impaired.

Note - 1.11: Provisions & Contingencies

The Company creates a provision when there is present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the second or non-occurrence, of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present abligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the abligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability, if any, is made by way of a Note.

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March ,2018

Note -1: Significant Accounting Policies

Note - 1.1: Basis for preparation of Accounts

The financial statements have been prepared under the Historical Cost Convention on Accrual Basis and in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP). Pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the existing Accounting Standards as notified in the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, as amended, have been adopted by the Company and disclosures are made in accordance with the requirement of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended till date, as referred under section 129(1) of the Companies Act, 2013. The Accounting Policies have been consistently applied by the Company and are consistent with those used in the previous year.

Note - 1.2 : Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although, these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

Note - 1.3: Current and Non -current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle;
- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- (d) it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

All other assets shall be classified as non-current.

Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) it is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle;
- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- (d) the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

All other liabilities shall be classified as non-current.

An operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash or cash equivalents.

Note - 1.4: Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized on accrual basis, to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and can be reliably measured and wherever there are uncertainties in the ascertainment/realization of income the same is not accounted for.

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Interest income is recognized on a time proportionate basis taking into account the amount outstanding applicable interest rate. Interest on tax refund is accounted for on receipt basis.

2018, Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March

Note - 2: Other disclosures on Accounts

Note - 2.1: Deferred Tax Asset

The Company has not recognized deferred tax assets on brought forward losses under the Income Tax Act, as there is no virtual certainty of sufficient future taxable income against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

Note - 2.2: MAT Credit Entitlement/Utilisation

During the current financial year ended 31st March, 2018 there is no tax liability under the income tax Act ,1961. Therfore the Company has not recognized/Utilised any MAT Credit Entitlement.

Note - 2.3: Contingent Liabilities

Contingent Liabilities and commitments not provided for Rs. Nil (Previous year Rs. Nil).

Note - 2.4: Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo during the year are as follows:-

	2017-18	2016-17
Pariculars	Amount	Amount
	(Rs. in Lakhs)	(Rs. in Lakhs)
Earnings	Nil	Nil
Outgo	Nil	Nil

Note - 2.5 : Segment Reporting

There are no separate reportable segments as per Accounting Standard - 17 " Segment Reporting " ,as the Company has no operations during the year ended 31st March, 2018.(Previous year also there was Nil Segment)

Note - 2.6: Dues to Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises

As identified, there was no outstanding dues during the accounting year towards the enterprises as defined in the Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

Note - 2.7: Related Party Dislosures

I. Name of Related Parties

Name of Company /Persons	Relationship
1. Ashok Sen	Director
2. Mohit Jain	Director
3. Raj Kumar Jain	Director
4. PNB Finance And Industries Ltd.	Holding Company

II. There are no transactions with the related parties during the year in terms of Accounting Standard- 18 'Related Party Disclosures".

Note - 2.8 : Earning Per Share (EPS)

Particulars	31st March,2018	31st March,2017
Net Profit / (Loss) after Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss	(2.03 Lakh)	(6.62 Lakh)
Weighted Average number of Equity Shares (Face Value of Rs. 10/- each per equity share)	50,000	50,000
Basic and Diluted EPS (In Rupees)	-4.05	-13.25

Note - 2.9: Inventory

The Company has no Inventories.

Note - 2.10: Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupees Lakh.

Note - 2.11: Grouping /Regrouping of previous year figures

Previous year figures have been re-arranged or re - grouped wherever necessary.



Punjab Mercantile & Traders Ltd. Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March ,2018

Note - 3 : Share capital

Rs. in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 31st March, 2017
Share capital		
Equity Share Capital		
Authorised share capital		
2,50,000 (Previous Year -2,50,000) Equity shares of Rs. 10/-Each	25.00	25.00
	25.00	25.00
Issued, subscribed & fully paid share capital		
50,000 (Previous Year 50,000) - Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each,	5.00	5.00
fully Paid up in cash.		
eld by the Holding Company, PNB Finance & Industries Ltd.)		
Total	5.00	5.00

- a) There is no change in the Share capital during the year and in the period of five years immediately preceding the date as at which the balance sheet is prepared.
- b) The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per Share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.
- c) No dividend has been proposed / declared during the year ended 31st March, 2018 (31st March, 2017 : Nil).
- d) In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.
- e) Detail of Shareholders holding more than 5% Shares

Name of Shareholder	As at 31st March,	As at 31st March,
	2018	2017
	Number of Shares	Number of Shares
PNB Finance and Industries Ltd. (Holding Company)	50,000 *	50,000 *

*Out of the total equity shares 7(Seven) Individuals are holding 1 (one) share each jointly with the holding Company.



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March ,2018

Note - 4: Reserves and surplus

Rs. in Lakhs

Particulars		As at 31st March, 2018	As at 31st March, 2017
Reserves and surplus			
I. General reserve			
As per last balance sheet		35.15	35.15
		35.15	35.15
II. Surplus			
As per last balance sheet		51.54	58.17
Add:- Profit/ (-) Loss after tax for the year		-2.03	-6.62
Net surplus/ (-) deficit	Ī	49.51	51.55
	Total (I+II)	84.66	86.69

Note - 5 : Trade Payable

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 31st March, 2017	
Audit fees payable	0.09	0.09	
Total	0.09	0.09	



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March ,2018

Note - 6: Non current investments

Particulars	Face Value Per Share/ Units (In Rs.)	No. of Shares/Units *	Book Value as at 31-03- 2018 (Rs. In Lakhs)	No. of Shares/Units *	Book Value as at 31-03- 2017 (Rs. In Lakhs)
(Long term - other than trade - at cost, unless stated otherwise)					
(A) Quoted equity shares					
Camac Commercial Co. Ltd.	10	65,975	4.93	65,975	4.93
Combine Holdings Ltd.	10	92,000	6.11	92,000	6.11
Sahu Jain Ltd.	10	4,900	0.45	4,900	0.45
Ashoka Viniyoga Ltd.	10	4,100	0.41	4,100	0.41
Total (A)			11.90		11.90
B) Unquoted equity shares					
Times Publishing House Ltd.	10	24,000	2.42	24,000	2.42
Sahu Jain Services Ltd.	10	2,500	0.25	2,500	0.25
Total (B)			2.67		2.67
(C) Unquoted mutual funds units					
IDFC Corporate Bond Fund -Direct Plan-Growth	10	17,959	2.00	17,959	2.00
UTI Liquid Cash Plan -Direct -Growth	1,000	-	-	139	3.46
UTI Dynamic Bond Fund -Direct-Growth	10	5,729	0.93	20,462	3.34
Reliance Dynamic Bond Fund -Direct -Growth	10	-	-	14,986	3.00
IDFC Super Saver Income Fund -Medium Term Plan- Growth	10	27,949	8.00	-	-
Reliance Regular Savings Fund -Direct -Growth	10	3,10,225	62.57	3,10,225	62.57
Total (C)			73.50		74.37
Total (A+B+C)			88.07		88.94
Market value of quoted investments **			501.67 lakh		452.06 lakh
Aggregate value of unquoted investment (B + C)			76.17		77.04

^{*} Units are rounded off to the nearest unit.

^{**} As at 31st March,2018, wherever the quoted equity shares have not been traded/No latest quoation is available, then net asset value based on last audited financials statements have been considered.



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March ,2018

Note -7: Long term loans and advances

Rs. in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 31st March, 2017
Others <u>Unsecured, considered good</u> Advance income tax / TDS (net of tax provisions)	1.33	1.33
Total	1.33	1.33

Note - 8 : Cash and bank balances

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 31st March, 2017
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash in hand	-	_
Bank balances		
Balances with HDFC Bank Ltd., New Delhi (current account)	0.35	1.51
Total	0.35	1.51



Punjab Mercantile & Traders Ltd. Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March ,2018

Note - 9: Other income

Rs. In Lakhs

Particulars	Year Ended 31st March, 2018	Year Ended 31st March ,2017
Incentive on mutual fund investments	-	0.96
Profit on sale of Long Term investments	1.28	0.46
Dividend income	-	2.05
Total	1.28	3.47

Note - 10 : Employee benefit expenses

Particulars	Year Ended 31st March, 2018	Year Ended 31st March ,2017
Salary	0.75	0.65
Total	0.75	0.65

Note - 11: Other expenses

Particulars	Year Ended 31st March, 2018	Year Ended 31st March ,2017
Legal and professional charges	2.42	9.32
Filing fees	0.02	0.02
Miscellaneous expenses <u>Auditor`s remuneration</u>	0.03	-
Audit fees (inclusive of Taxes)	0.09	0.09
For Other services		0.01
Total	2.56	9.44

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Awatar & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 000726N

Sanjay Agrawal

Partner

Membership No. 087786

Place: New Delhi Date: 21st May,2018 Ashok Sen
Director

DIN: 00002109

Mohit Jain

Director